

## **Investor Relations Presentation** December 2021





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# **QNB** at a Glance

# QNB is a strong and highly rated bank with a growing international footprint





#1 bank in the Middle East and Africa across all financial metrics



International network with presence in more than 31 countries



Most valuable banking brand in the Middle East and Africa, worth USD 7.1 Bn<sup>1</sup>



About 27,000 employees operating from more than 1000 locations

#### Key Strengths



#### Solid financial strength

USD 51.2 Bn	USD 3.63 Bn		
Market Cap.	Net Profit <sup>2</sup>		
USD 300.2 Bn	USD 0.36		
	030 0.30		

#### **Top-tier credit ratings**

Bn	Α	Aa3
	Standard & Poor's	Moody's
	AA-	A+
	Capital Intelligence	Fitch



## **QNB's International Footprint**

#### Sub-Saharan Africa



#### South Sudan: (1 Branch)

Togo: (690 Branches<sup>3</sup>, 20.1% stake in Ecobank)

#### Asia



Indonesia: (17 Branches, 92.48% stake In QNB Indonesia)

Singapore: (1 Branch)



- China / Hong Kong: (1 Representative office, 1 Branch)
- Vietnam: (1 Representative office)

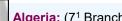
Myanmar: (1 Representative office)

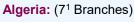
#### North Africa



- Egypt: (231 Branches, 95.0% stake in QNB ALAHLI)
- Libya: (1<sup>1</sup> Representative office)
- Tunisia: (36 Branches, 99.99% stake  $\odot$ in QNB Tunisia)















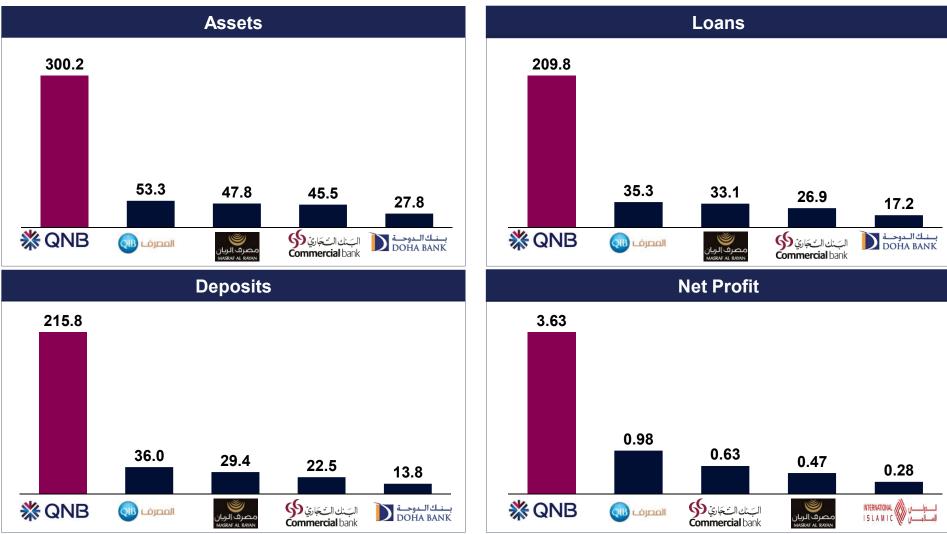
QNB



# QNB Comparative Positioning – Qatar and MEA

### **Top 5 Listed Domestic Banks – December 2021**

#### QNB continues to excel in the domestic market

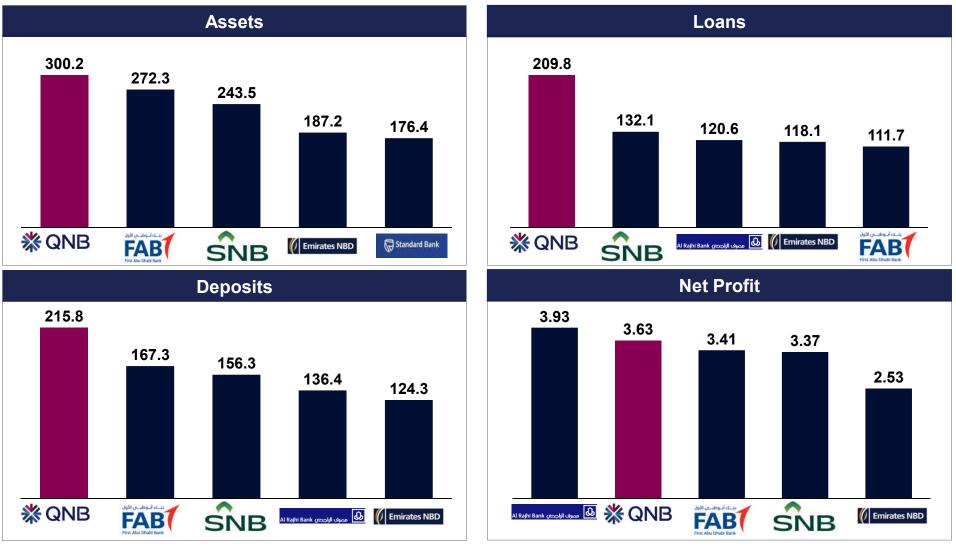




Note: All amounts are in USD billions Source: Banks' December 2021 Press Release or Financial Statements, if available Banks listed on Qatar Stock Exchange only.

### Top 5 Listed MEA Banks – December 2021

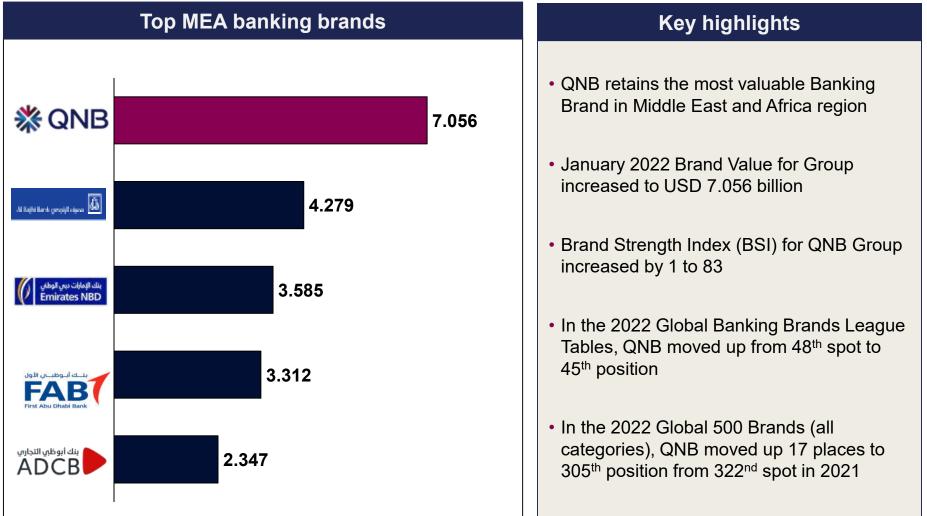
QNB maintained its position as the leading bank in the region across all balance sheet categories





# QNB is the leading financial institution in the MEA region with regards to brand value

Brand value (USD Bn as at 31-Dec-21)





# Financial Highlights – as at 31 December 2021

### **QNB** demonstrate sustainable growth

Financial Highlights (as at 31 December 2021)



Growth vs. December 2020

Profit <sup>1</sup>	• USD3.63 billion	+10%		<ul> <li>Net interest margin (NIM)<sup>2</sup>:</li> <li>Cost to income ratio:</li> <li>Earnings per share:</li> <li>ROAA:</li> </ul>	2.47% 22.2% USD 0.36 1.25%
Assets	<ul> <li>USD300.2 billion assets</li> <li>USD209.8 billion loans</li> </ul>	+7% +6%		<ul> <li>NPL (% of gross loans):</li> <li>Coverage ratio<sup>3</sup>:</li> </ul>	2.3% 117%
Funding	• USD215.8 billion deposite	s +6%		<ul> <li>Loans to deposits ratio:</li> </ul>	97.2%
Equity	• USD27.5 billion equity	+3%		<ul> <li>ROAE<sup>4</sup>:</li> <li>Capital adequacy ratio: (QCB Basel III)</li> </ul>	16.4% 19.3%
	Source: December 2021 Financial Report 1: Profit Attributable to Equity Holders of th	ne Bank	4: RoAE uses	s Average Equity excluding fair value reserve, propos	sed dividends

2: Net interest margin calculated as net interest income over average earnings assets 3: Based on Stage 3 provisions

**X** QNB

4: RoAE uses Average Equity excluding fair value reserve, proposed dividends and non-controlling interest and instruments eligible for additional Tier 1 Capital 11

#### **QNB ALAHLI** Financial Highlights (as at 31 December 2021)

Growth vs. December 2020

Profit <sup>1</sup>	• USD437.0 million (EGP6.8 billion)	<b>-2%</b> (-2%)	<ul> <li>Net interest margin (NIM)<sup>2</sup>:</li> <li>Cost to income ratio:</li> <li>ROAA: In EGP terms</li> </ul>	5.25% 28.2% 2.1% 2.1%
Assets	<ul> <li>USD23.1 billion assets (EGP362.3 billion)</li> <li>USD11.4 billion loans (EGP179.1 billion)</li> </ul>	+24% (+24%) +7% (+7%)	<ul> <li>NPL (% of gross loans):</li> <li>Coverage ratio<sup>3</sup>:</li> </ul>	3.4% 116%
Funding	• USD18.7 billion deposits (EGP293.8 billion)	<b>+27%</b> (+27%)	Loans to deposits ratio:	61.0%
Equity	• USD2.9 billion equity (EGP44.9 billion)	<b>+12%</b> (+12%)	<ul> <li>ROAE<sup>4</sup>: In EGP terms</li> <li>Capital adequacy ratio: (QCB Basel II)</li> </ul>	<b>16.2%</b> 16.2% <b>22.8%</b>

1: Profit Attributable to Equity Holders of the Bank and excludes Transfer Pricing

**X**QNB

4: RoAE uses Average Equity excluding fair value reserve,

2: Net interest margin calculated as net interest income over average earnings assets on a standalone basis proposed dividends and non-controlling interest 3: Based on Stage 3 provisions

#### **QNB FINANSBANK** Financial Highlights (as at 31 December 2021)

Growth vs. December 2020

Profit <sup>1</sup>	• USD447.6 million (TRY4.0 billion)	<b>(+4</b> )	<b>4%</b> 4%)	•	<ul> <li>Net interest margin (NIM)<sup>2</sup>:</li> <li>Cost to income ratio:</li> <li>ROAA: In TRY terms</li> </ul>	3.74% 35.5% 1.4% 1.3%
Assets	<ul> <li>USD30.0 billion assets (TRY391.9 billion)</li> <li>USD16.8 billion loans (TRY219.9 billion)</li> </ul>	(+0	7% 52%) 8% 43%)		<ul> <li>NPL (% of gross loans):</li> <li>Coverage ratio<sup>3</sup>:</li> </ul>	3.1% 122%
Funding	• USD17.5 billion deposits (TRY228.0 billion)		5% 7%)		<ul> <li>Loans to deposits ratio:</li> </ul>	96.5%
Equity	• USD1.7 billion equity (TRY22.2 billion)		<b>4%</b> 15%)		<ul> <li>ROAE<sup>4</sup>: In TRY terms</li> <li>Capital adequacy ratio: (QCB Basel III) After BRSA relaxation measures</li> </ul>	<b>19.9%</b> 18.1% <b>12.1%</b> 15.8%
<b>*</b> QNB	Source: QNB Finansbank under Internation 1: Profit Attributable to Equity Holders of th 2: Net interest margin calculated as net inter 3: Based on Stare 3 provisions	e Bank and excludes	Transfer Pricing	andalon	4: RoAE uses Average Equity excluding fair value ne basis proposed dividends and non-controlling interes	

3: Based on Stage 3 provisions

# Solid domestic presence with geographical diversification contributes to growth

**Geographical Contribution (as at 31 December)** 

% Domestic International Share of International as percentage of the total Net Profit<sup>1</sup> **Deposits** Loans **USD** billion **USD** billion **USD** billion 209.8 3.94 215.8 198.8 202.9 3.63 186.4 188.0 3.30 120.7 2.58 119.5 101.7 164.7 149.8 137.0 2.85 2.41 95.1 86.3 83.4 1.36 49.4 49.0 0.89 45.1 0.78 2020 2021 2019 2020 2021 2019 2020 2021 2019 27% 21% 25% 21% 35% 27% 46% 41% 44%

 Profit from international operations decreased by USD578.9 Mn (43%) from 2019 to 2021

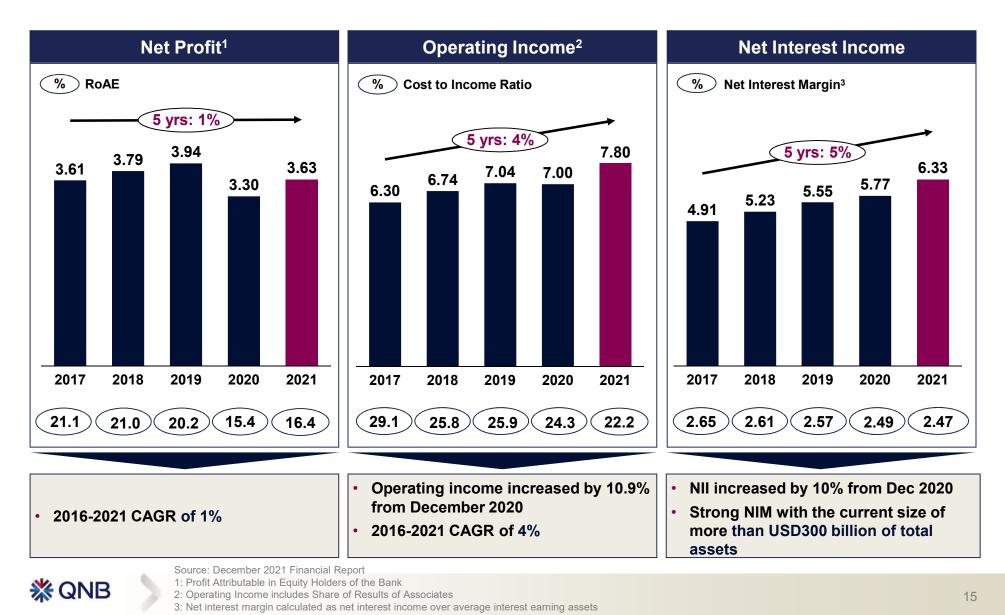
Loans from Intl operations decreased by USD4.3 Bn (8.7%) from 2019 to 2021

Deposits from Intl operations increased by USD8.7 Bn (10%) from 2019 to 2021

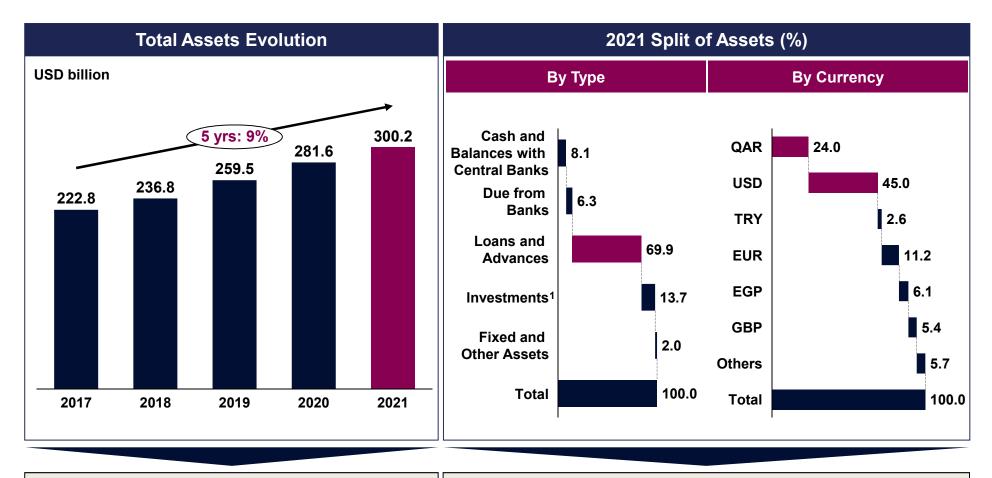


## **Consistent Profitability and Cost Discipline**

Income Statement Breakdown (USD billion as at 31 December)



#### Asset growth driven by lending activities mainly in QAR and USD Assets Analysis (as at 31 December)



Assets increased 7% from December 2020

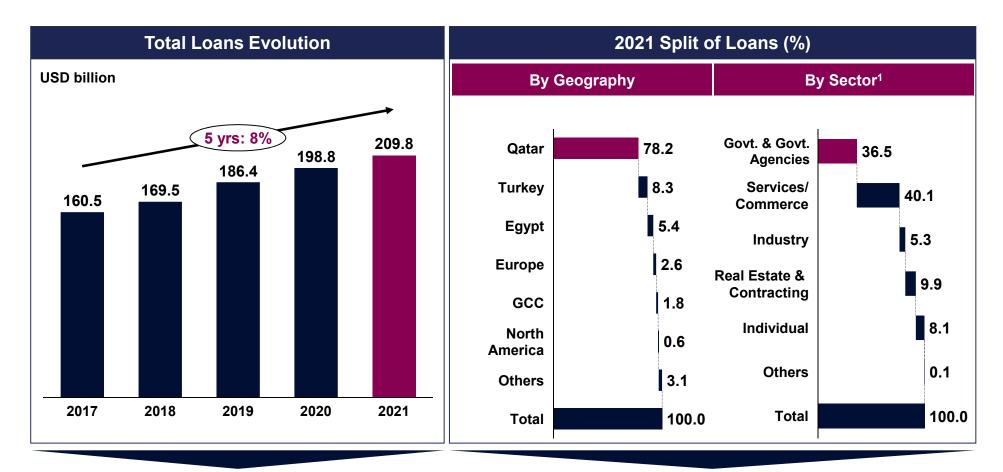
Loans and advances represent 70% of total assets

• 2016-2021 CAGR of 9%

USD and QAR currencies account for 69% of total assets



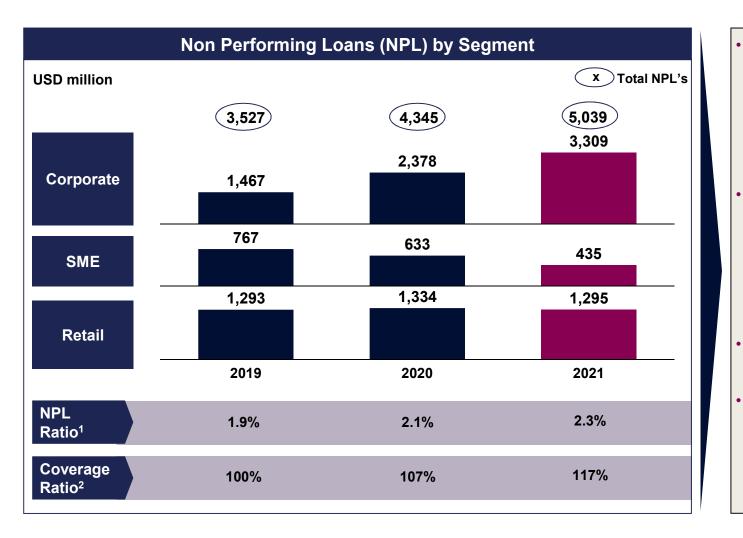
#### **Good Ioan growth** Loan Analysis (as at 31 December)



Loans increased 6% from December 2020
 2016-2021 CAGR of 8%
 Loans denominated in USD represent 63% of total loans
 Loan exposures are of a high quality with 37% concentration to Government and public sector entities



#### High quality lending portfolio is underpinned by low NPL ratios Asset Quality Analysis (as at 31 December)

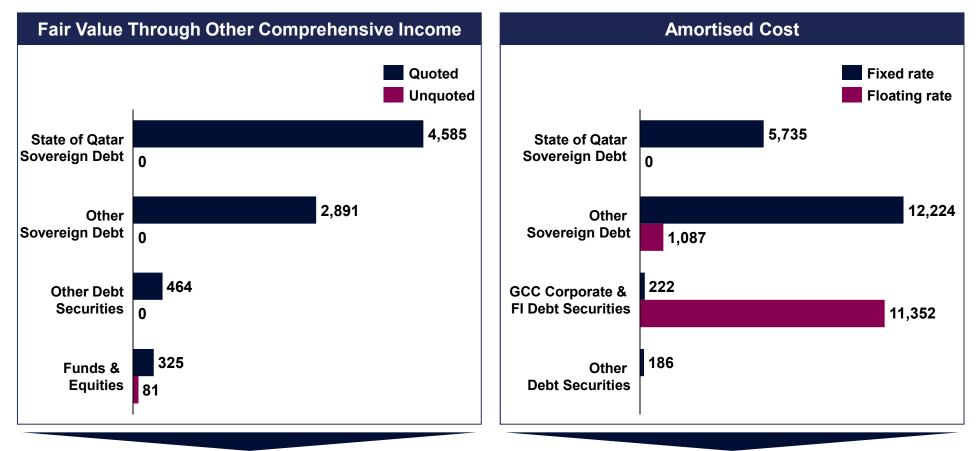


- QNB has continued to increase its provisions in response to the global economic situation as a result of COVID-19 pandemic
- The bank's coverage ratio has remained robust amidst the economic slowdown, with a coverage of 117% as at 31 December 2021
- Past dues are NPL after 90 days default
- There is an additional risk reserve of USD2,747 million which is greater than the 2.5% QCB requirements



# High quality investment portfolio with 68% of securities rated AA or Sovereign

Investments Analysis (USD million as at 31 December 2021)

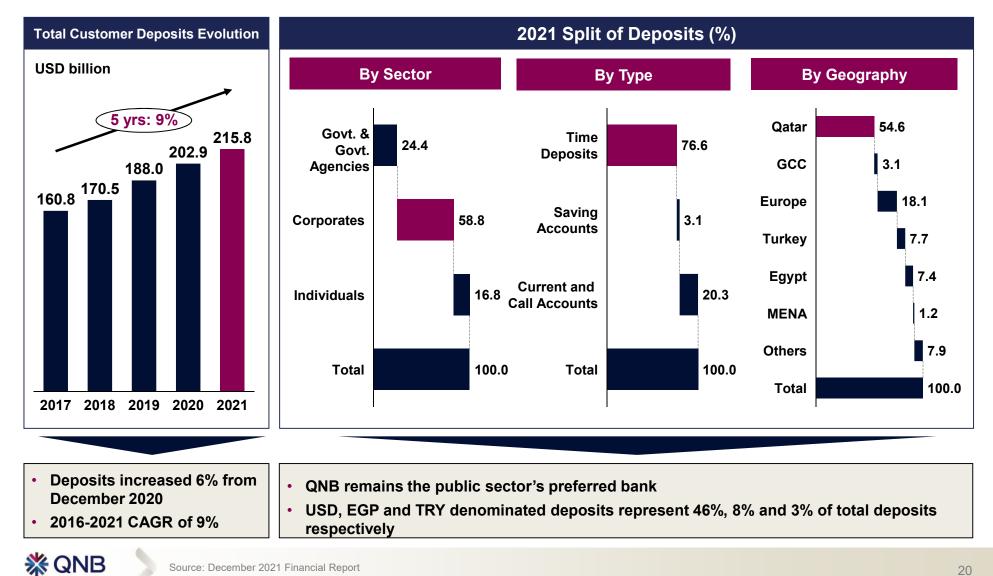


Quoted securities account for 99% of FVOCI Investment securities

Good mix of both fixed and floating rates securities

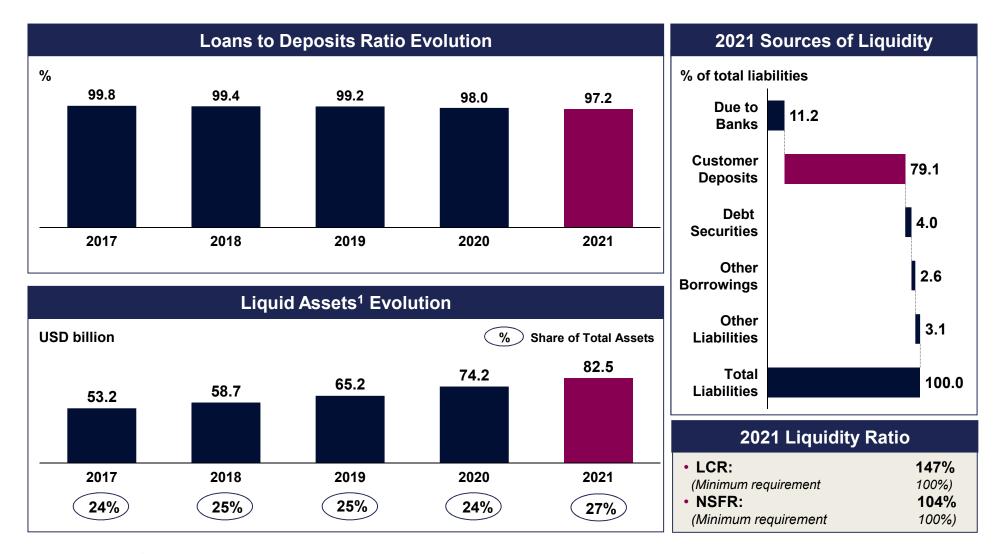


#### Robust growth in customer deposits and funding Funding Analysis (as at 31 December)





#### **Solid liquidity profile** Liquidity Analysis (as at 31 December)



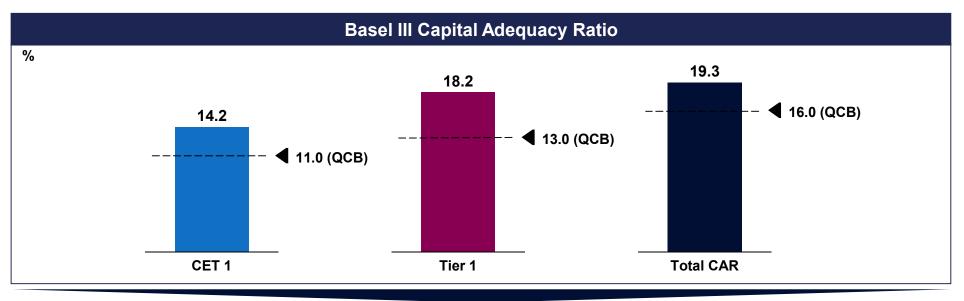


Source: December 2021 Financial Report

1: Liquid Assets calculated as the sum of Cash and Balances with Central Bank, Due from Banks and Investment Securities

# Strong capital adequacy ratio maintained above both QCB and Basel III requirements

**Capital Analysis (as at 31 December)** 

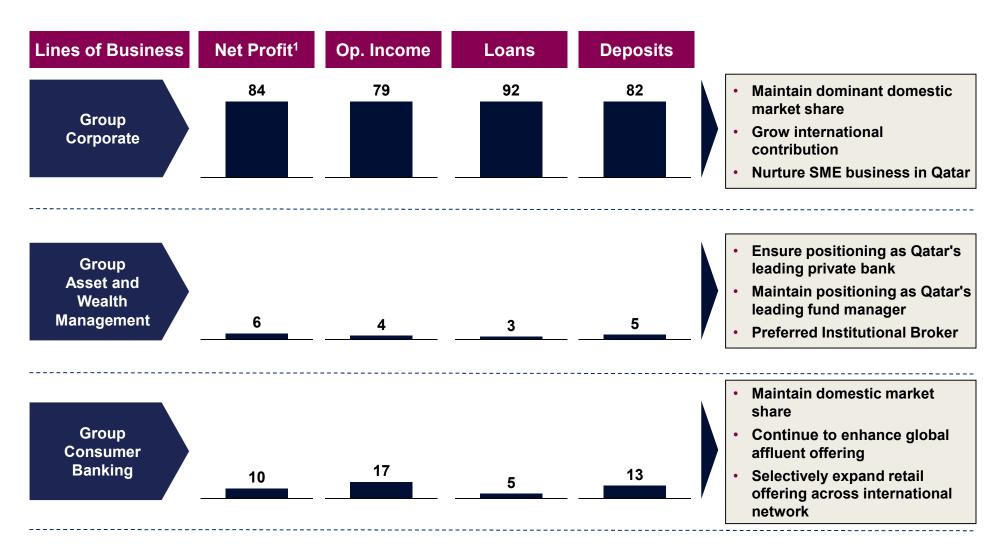


• Capital adequacy ratio is above QCB and Basel III requirements including the applicable DSIB buffer of 2.5% (effective 01-Jan-19)

Minimum CAR Requirements						
%	Without buffers	Capital Conservation Buffer	DSIB Charge	ICAAP Charge	Total Requirement	
CET 1 ratio	6.0	2.5	2.5	-	11.0	
Tier 1 ratio	8.0	2.5	2.5	-	13.0	
Total CAR	10.0	2.5	2.5	1.0	16.0	



#### **Diversifying business mix will bolster sustainable growth** Business Mix Contribution (% share as at 31 December 2021)





### IFRS 9 – Additional buffer for long term earnings stability

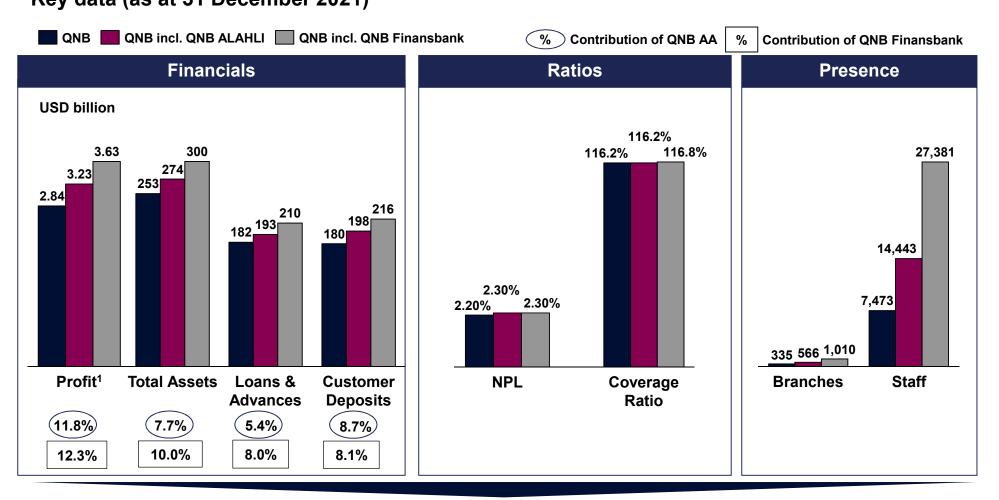
#### Financial Impacts

QNB implemented IFRS 9 with effect from 1 January 2018 based on the QCB guidelines.
As per QCB instructions, ECL impact has been treated as Tier 2 Capital for CAR purposes with no amortisation of the transition impact.

Coverage ratio <sup>1</sup>								
As of 31 December 2021	2 S	Stage 3 (NPL)						
Due from Banks and Balances with Central Banks	0.06%	0.5%	6	-				
Loans	0.2%	6.5%	0	116.8%				
Investments	0.1%	13.89	%	100.0%				
Cost of Risk <sup>2</sup>								
31 December 2021	Stage 1 and Stage 2	Stage 3 (NPL)	Total					
Cost of Risk	16bps		76bps	92bps				



#### **QNB Group Financials** Key data (as at 31 December 2021)



- Results finalised under International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)
- Capital Adequacy Ratio: 19.3%





# Sustainability

# QNB Group is committed to enhancing its Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) practices



- Issued USD600 million tranche on 15 Sep 2020 in the form of Senior Unsecured Notes with 5 year maturity



- 1 United Nations Global Compact
- 2 QNB Group Sustainability Reports, GSSB Framework and related documents: https://www.qnb.com/sites/qnb/qnbqatar/page/en/enesgreportsanddisclosures.html
- 3 QNB Group ESRM Framework : <u>https://www.qnb.com/sites/qnb/qnbqatar/document/en/enESRM</u>

### Sustainability at QNB is the delivery of long-term value in financial, environmental, social and ethical terms, to benefit our stakeholders

#### **QNB Group Sustainability Framework**

Our sustainability framework consists of three pillars:

**Sustainable finance** is the integration of ESG criteria into QNB's financing activities to deliver profit with purpose. Sustainable operations is the integration of ESG criteria into our business operations and across our supply chain Beyond banking refers to QNB's CSR activities in the communities where we operate.

The pillars support our sustainable financial performance, through reducing risks, opening up new business opportunities and strengthening our brand.

#### QNB 2020 Sustainability highlights

- 29% women Group Executive Management
- 32 sustainable financial products and services
- 18% reduction in carbon intensity (CO<sub>2</sub>e) since 2017
- QR 22.9 billion loan portfolio to SMEs and microenterprises
- 69.2% transactions completed via digital channels
- 3.2% community investment as a % of pre-tax profit



Timely payments and supplier audits

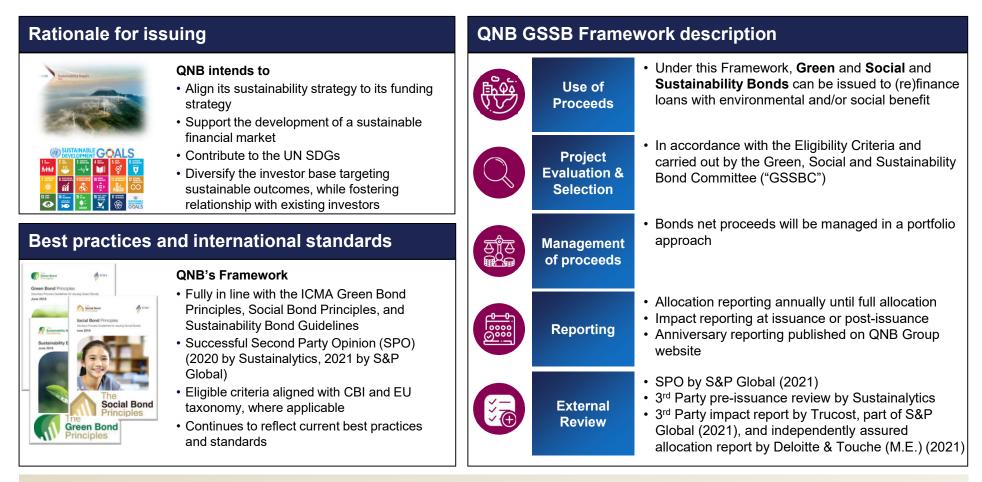
The 2020 highlights are published in our 2020 Sustainability Report which is available on the QNB Group website

suppliers



### Introduction to QNB Green, Social and Sustainability Bond Framework

Defining an ambitious Framework, in line with best practices and standards



QNB's Framework is aligned with the ICMA Green Bond Principles, Social Bond Principles and Sustainability Bond Guidelines

## **X**QNB

### **QNB Green and Social "Use of Proceeds"**

Applying strict Eligibility Criteria when selecting green and/or social projects

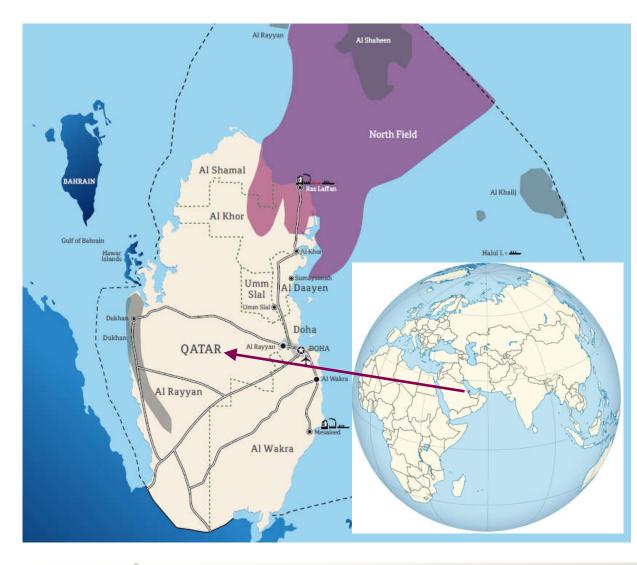


### 🗱 QNB



## **Economic Overview**

# Qatar holds the world's largest non-associated gas field (North Field) and is strategically located between Europe and Asia

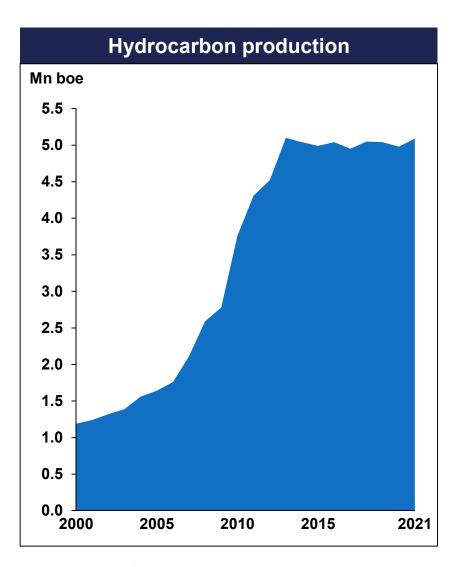


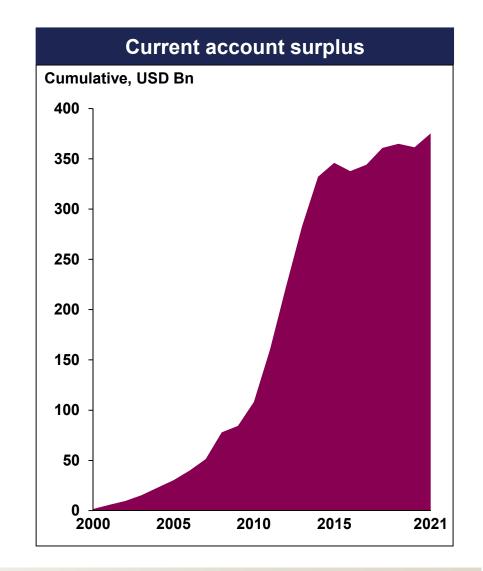
#### Comments

- Qatar is a peninsula located in the Persian Gulf and is member of the Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC)
- Qatar's total population is around 2.8 million
- Qatar is endowed with the world's largest hydrocarbon reserves on a per capita basis
- Qatar's hydrocarbon reserves are mostly held in the North Field; the world's largest non-associated gas field
- Qatar is the world's largest exporter of liquefied natural gas (LNG)

#### 🗱 QNB

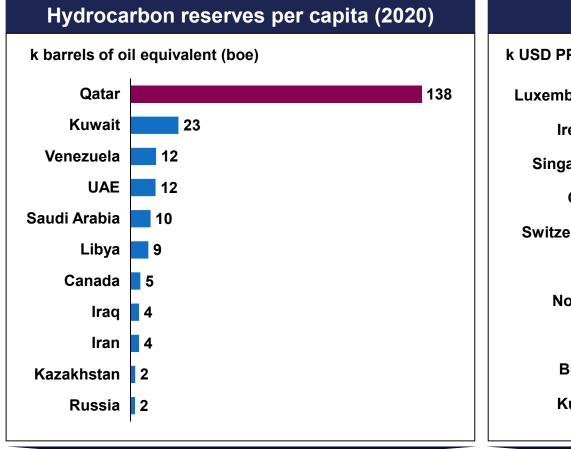
# Qatar's hydrocarbon production generates significant wealth via exports and has fueled substantial current account surpluses

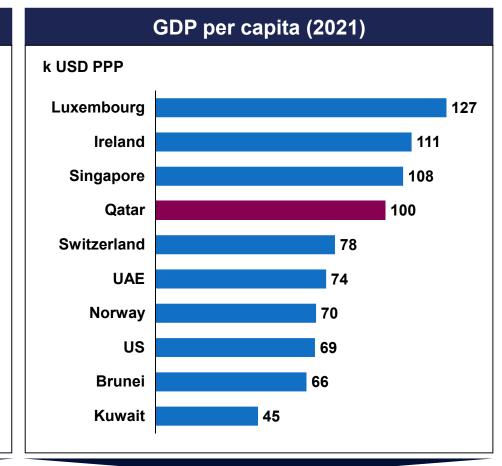




### 🗱 QNB

# The development of Qatar's vast hydrocarbon reserves make it one of the richest countries in the world



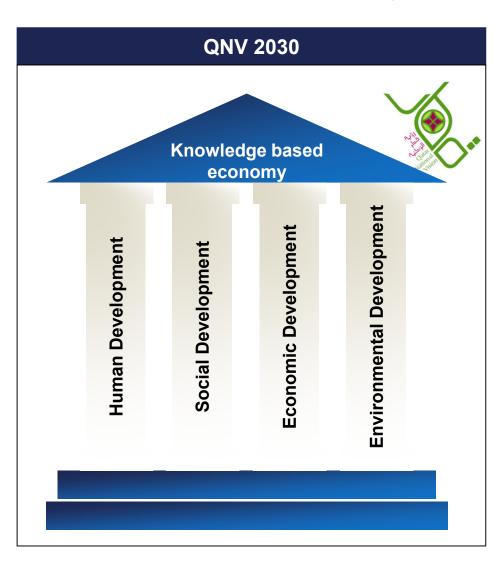


At current extraction rates, Qatar's proven gas reserves would last for over a hundred years

#### **Development of the hydrocarbon sector has made Qatar one of the world's richest countries**

## 💥 QNB

# Qatar introduced the Qatar National Visions 2030 (QNV 2030) with the aim to transform the country into a knowledge-based economy



#### Comments

QNV 2030 aims to promote diversification away from oil and foster human, social, economic and environmental development:

#### Human development

To enable all of Qatar's people to sustain a prosperous society

#### **Social development**

 To maintain a just and caring society based on high moral standards and capable of playing a prominent role in the global partnership for development

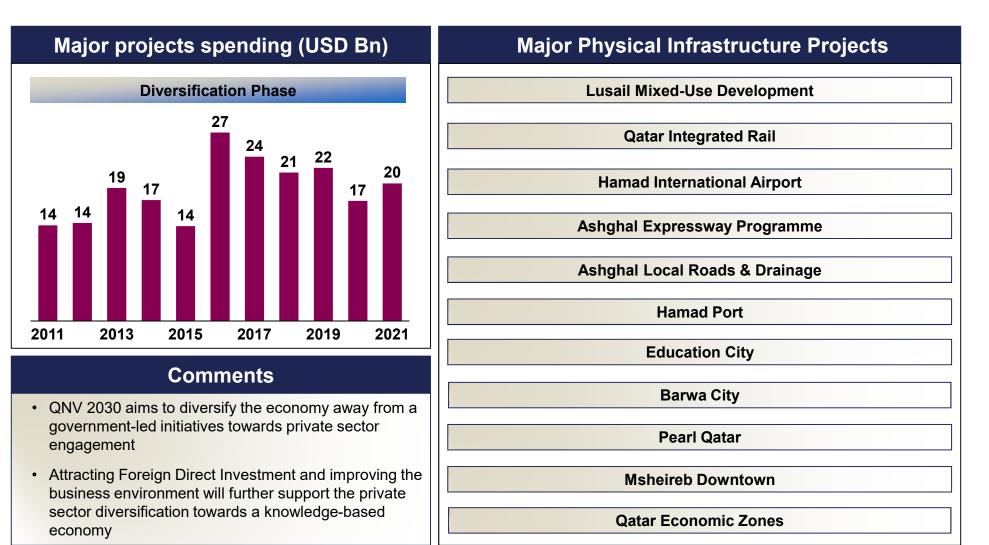
#### **Economic development**

 To achieve a competitive and diversified economy capable of meeting the needs of, and securing a high standard of living for, all its people for the present and for the future

#### **Environmental development**

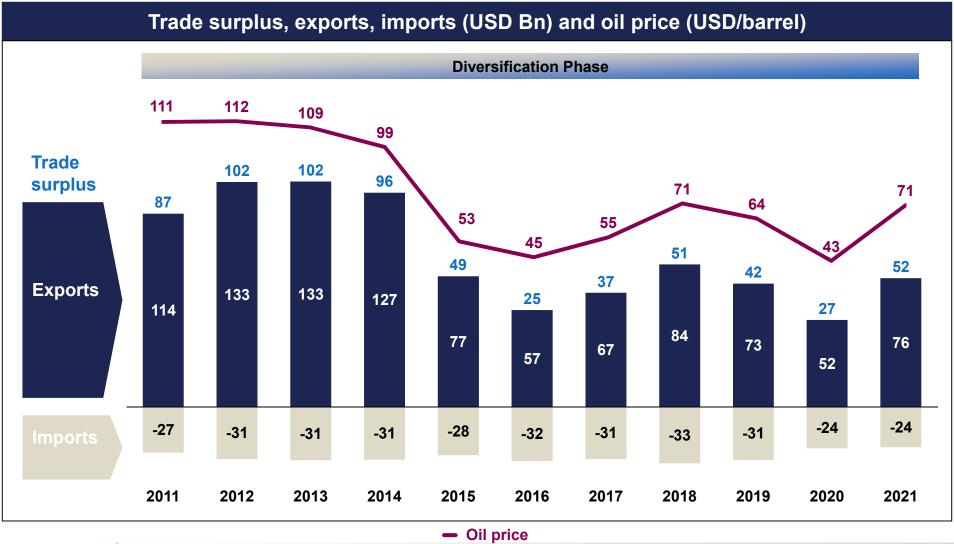
To ensure harmony among economic growth, social development and environmental protection

### A major physical infrastructure and investment programme is laying the foundation for QNV 2030 and diversification

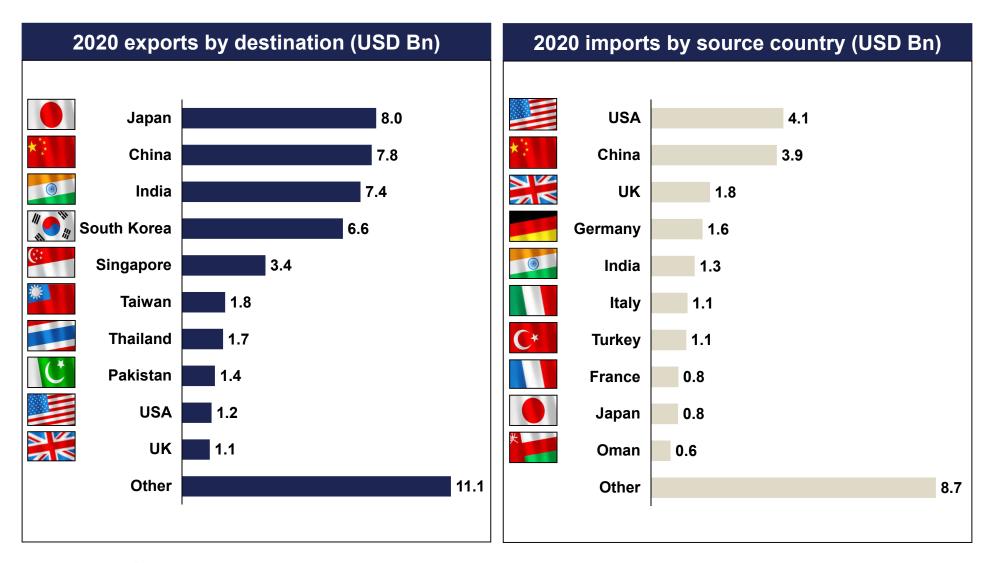


### 🗱 QNB

# Qatar has maintained a substantial trade surplus with exports much greater than imports despite oil price volatility during diversification



Diversification and a leading energy sector have enabled Qatar to develop trade relationships with major economies around the world



### 🗱 QNB

# Given its wealth and stable outlook, Qatar is one of the highest rated sovereigns in the world

		Moody's Sovereign Ratings <sup>1</sup>							
-	AAA US, Germany, Canada, Australia, N Zealand, Switz'nd, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Neth'lands, Lux'bourg, Singapore								
	Austria, Finland								
	Aa2	France, South Korea, Faroe Islands							
ade	Aa3	<b>Qatar</b> , UK, Belgium, Czech, Hong Kong, Taiwan, Macau, Cayman Islands, Isle of Man							
Investment Grade	A1	Chile, China, Japan, Kuwait, Saudi Arabia, Estonia							
vestmo	A2	Bermuda, Iceland, Slovakia, Lithuania, Poland, Ireland, Malta							
<u>2</u>	A3	Latvia, Malaysia, Botswana, Slovenia							
	Baa1	Mexico, Spain, Thailand, Bulgaria, Peru							
	Baa2	Indonesia, Uruguay, Philippines, Colombia, Mauritius, Panama, Portugal, Hungary, Kazakhstan							
	Baa3	India, Italy, Romania, Russia							
		Non-Investment Grade							
Ba1	Ba	2 Ba3 B1 B2 B3 Caa1 Caa2 Caa3 Ca C							

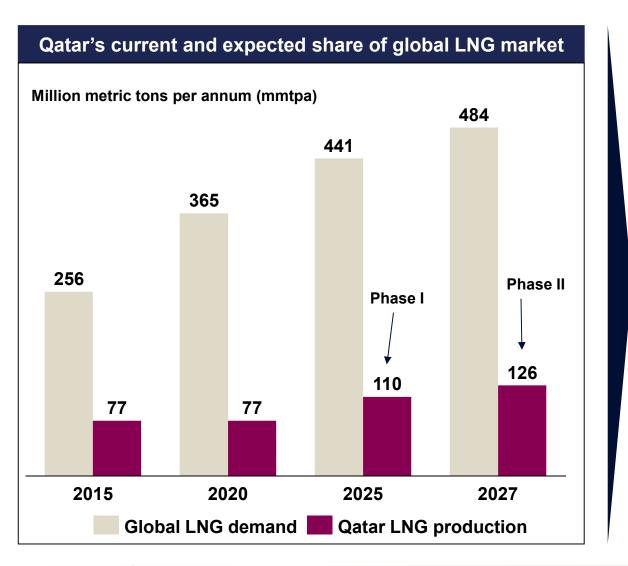


### Qatar's banking and financial system remains resilient and healthy

Financial Soundness Indicators (2017-2020, %)						
	2017	2018	2019	2020		
Capital Adequacy						
Tier 1 capital/risk-weighted assets	16.5	17.0	17.5	17.6		
Regulatory capital/risk-weighted assets	16.8	18.0	18.6	18.8		
Asset Quality						
Non-performing loans/total loans	1.6	1.9	1.8	2.0		
Liquidity						
Liquid assets/total assets	28.2	29.1	30.2	28.1		
Total loans/total deposits	108.8	114.1	120.1	122.9		
Total loans/total assets	67.1	66.6	67.3	67.6		
Profitability						
Return on assets	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.4		
Return on equity	13.9	15.3	15.8	13.7		

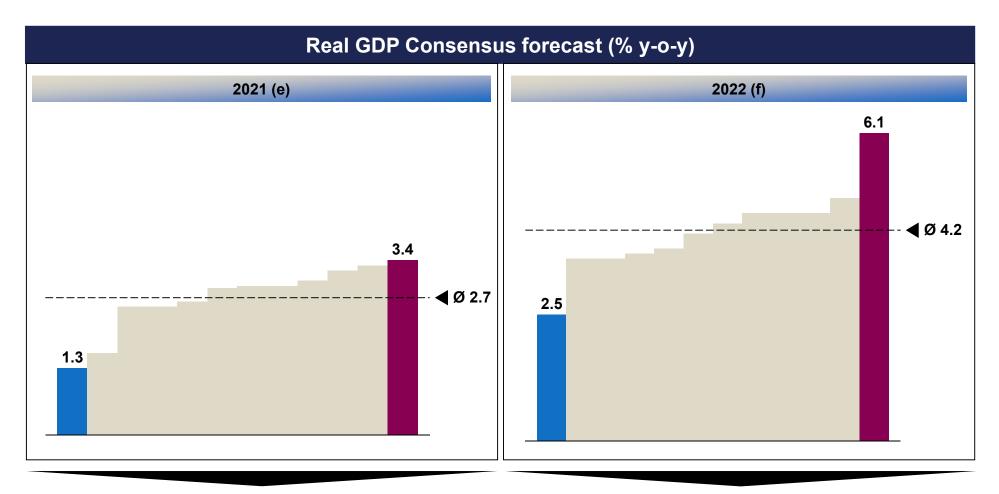


# Qatar will increase its LNG production by 64% maintaining its position as the world's largest exporter and fuelling diversification



- Globally Qatar is the largest LNG exporter with a market share of 20-30% of total LNG exports
- In 2017, Qatar decided to lift the moratorium on the North Field output
- Six new LNG trains will increase Qatar's LNG production by 64% to 126 million tonnes per annum. There are two phases within the North Field Expansion:
  - Phase I, North Field East, will increase Qatar's annual production from 77 to 110 million tonnes, with first gas expected from four trains by 2025
  - Phase II, North Field South, will then further boost production to 126 million tonnes, with first gas by 2027
- The LNG expansion will also unleash further downstream growth, as abundant feedstock favors the petrochemical and manufacturing sector

# The 2022 FIFA World Cup and the North Field expansion are expected to drive strong economic growth in 2021 and 2022



**Reopening the economy and final preparations for the 2022 FIFA World Cup are expected to drive the recovery** 

QNB

Hosting the 2022 FIFA World Cup and the North Field expansion are expected to drive stronger growth in 2022

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-These statements typically contain words such as "expects" and "anticipates" and words of similar import.

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